

Senator Dilan, Colleagues Pass \$156 Billion 2016-17 State Budget

SEN. MARTIN MALAVÉ DILAN April 1, 2016

ISSUE: STATE BUDGET, MTA (METROPOLITAN TRANSPORTATION AUTHORITY), MINIMUM WAGE, PAID FAMILY LEAVE



Long-Supported Democratic Conference Measures Included as Part of Spending Plan Senator Martin Malavé Dilan and colleagues passed a \$156 Billion spending plan on April 1 that incorporates long-held Democratic Conference priorities, commits additional funding to schools, and supports New York's working families.

The 2016-17 State Budget continues in the tradition of serving as a policy road map in addition to a spending plan. The budget includes a plan to phase in a statewide \$15 minimum wage and enacts the most comprehensive paid family leave program in the country. The final product did fall short however, as attempts to include ethics reforms were rejected soon after debate opened late on March 31.

"This year was marked by a troubling lack of transparency, much more so than the three men in a room negotiations of the past. Whomever was included in talks and where ever they did it, was far from the public and press corps' reach," said Senator Dilan. "When 600 or so page budget bills began showing up moments before they were to be acted on, only then did I see that some things I had been advocated for years were included in some form."

The inclusion of Senator Dilan and conference colleagues' priorities in this year's budget is proof that measures like an increased wage floor and paid family leave are widely-supported in New York. If final negotiations had been open to Senator Dilan, Democratic Leader Stewart-Cousins and conference colleagues, "ethics reforms, a more immediate indexed minimum wage, and additional resources to affordable housing efforts and enforcement would have been strongly pressed," Senator Dilan said.

s \$15 Minimum Wage

e hardest fought and most contested provisions of the 2016-17 State Budget, was the fight for a \$15 per hour minive long fought for an increase in the minimum wage that reflects the financial realities of today's working families e that is indexed to inflation. However, like in 2011, this budget deal failed to index the wage."

nentous increase will make an impact for New York City workers, it will come in 2018. Nearly 400,000 ave to wait until then. And unfortunately counties north of Westchester won't see a minimum wage which wage increases will be indexed to inflation, ultimately capping at \$15/hour.

rs are included in the minimum wage plan. Also included is a refundable tax credit per farm employ at least two-thirds of their gross income through farming.

e budget allows for the Department of Budget to adjust spending projections under the Medicaid S to increased wages.

aid Family Leave Program in the Country!

ernor Cuomo's mission to pursue "equality and dignity in both the workplace and the home," my colost comprehensive and compassionate paid family leave benefit in the country.

I, working New Yorkers will be entitled to 12 weeks of paid leave to bond with their new child or ten program will be phased in over the course of four years, beginning with eight weeks of leave in 2018 tional weeks will be added until reaching the full 12 weeks in 2020. Employees qualify after working

nould have to choose between caring for a loved one or missing a day's pay. I'm proud to have helped New York i'm hopeful it will be enacted nationally."

1 Adjustment Eliminated, Foundation Aid Increased

e eliminated the Gap Elimination Adjustment (GEA) that was put in place following the 2007 recess posal was to completely eliminate the GEA by the 2018 school year. However, my colleagues and I o school districts effective immediately.

2007 housing bubble burst and subsequent recession, the State Legislature was forced to reduce aid aid was allocated was done using an adjustment formula (Gap Elimination Adjustment) that took is not shortfall at the time, federal aid and base need of school districts statewide.

e GEA was widely welcomed, however the state's commitment to provide for a "sound basic education" in accordance with the Campaign for Fiscal Equity suit has yet to realized. Schools, remain under-funded.

ion Aid Increase

proved a four percent increase in School Foundation Aid, increasing the Governor's proposal by \$62. If Formula is used to help direct operational funds to school districts with high-need students. For the V York City schools will receive \$6,774,784,194. This figure does not include the increase in Communication of the contraction of t

ools Aid Set-Aside

Senate proposal allocates an additional \$175 million for schools deemed "persistently struggling" and fficials. This funding is not figured into these school's base foundation aid, offering additional resound.

ensure that issues of poverty can be addressed with communities working together to ensure that ele, healthy and ready to learn. This investment is critical to providing students early opportunities to and breaking the trend of higher crime rates among underserved youth.

eeper

t

see support for President Obama's 'My Brother's Keeper' initiative in the budget and I was more that fallocating \$20 million to the program. New York State will be the first in the nation to implement 1 is persistent opportunity gaps faced by boys and young men of color."

to see the last of the 2007 austerity measures lifted from our school district's shoulders, and an inclents, again the State Budget does not include funding for The DREAM Act. The act would allow un apply for state college tuition assistance.

of the Dream Act guarantees that future generations can continue their studies at colleges and universities, laying s for a long and prosperous life, in the state they have and will call home."

ft to CUNY Rejected

gues and I rejected the Governor's proposal to shift 30 percent of CUNY's state-paid operation costs and debt po City. The proposed \$485 million shift would have been disastrous for the City University system, resulting in loss faculty, and opportunities for thousands of college students; not to mention the city's overall budget."

uition Freeze

d the proposed \$300 annual tuition increase for CUNY and SUNY students over the next five years will have their tuition frozen for the 2016-17 school year.

2ks leading up to the April 1 passage of the budget, I regularly voiced my displeasure with proposals to essentially ity transit and transportation capital plans with an \$8.3 billion IOU. In the end, \$55 billion of the State budget hat to transportation investments statewide, along with a record \$8.3 billion commitment to the MTA capital plan; \$2 as allocated."

ding

te Budget allocates \$4.7 billion to the MTA for day-to-day operational expenses, a 3.5 percent increas.

'eviously, state funding for the 5-year capital plan will total \$8.3 billion; the city has agreed to allocal billion. The 5-Year state Department of Transportation Capital Program has been set at \$25.15 billion.

restores \$1.5 billion for Phase II of the Second Avenue Subway.

rudget includes a \$7.5 million increase in freight rail funding, \$3 million of which the MTA will use t train engines to improve emissions standards as well as \$1 million for other diesel train engine retro

ke-Pedestrian Money

of improving safety and expanding upon transportation alternatives made available to New Yorke: in calls for an increase of \$20 million for each year of the 5-year capital plan. The money would be trian and bicycling friendly projects. Sadly, it was not included.

CHIPS

ughout New York State rely on capital grants offered through the Consolidated Local Street and Hi Program (CHIPS). The reimbursement program is critical to local infrastructure upkeep and improvement program saw no increase in funding.

has always been a contentious issue in Albany. When it comes to the budget, no amount seems to be enough. That importance to empower the agencies, organizations and authorities we entrust to preserve affordable housing, presents and pursue those who undermine the right to live in the communities of their choosing."

udget provides more than \$40 million in support of the critical work of the state Department of Ho enewal (HCR). Out of this funding comes the Tenant Protection Unit. Created in 2011 the TPU is the preserve affordable housing throughout the state.

nt's Watchdog

ar to establish the Tenant Protection Unit as an independently-funded law enforcement office with TPU's ability to curtail patterns and practices of landlord fraud and harassment through audits, in legal actions, was of critical importance to me.

at the Senate Majority's initial one-house budget proposal attempted to eliminate funding for the I sion of \$40 million to HCR in the final budget is big win for Brooklyn tenants. Given the TPU's receiver of time before the value in funding it independently is acknowledged. I was happy to stand with ne calls to do so and will continue to do just that.

Tenant Advocacy Groups

cy groups have long been a mainstay in the fight for affordable housing in Brooklyn. This year's bu o organizations that have been among the loudest of advocates for Brooklyn tenants; Brooklyn Leg (\$250,000) and Make the Road New York (\$150,000).

o extend the Senior Citizen Rent Increase Exemption (SCRIE) and Disability Rent Increase Exempt r years. Both programs are extremely important to residents on limited or fixed incomes.

increases funding to the Neighborhood Preservation Programs (\$12.7 million), Supportive Housing I s well as Solutions to End Homelessness Program, and support for AIDs Housing.

lget includes an ambitious, 8-year plan to cut Personal Income Taxes by 20 percent for New Yorkers 30 and \$150,000. A separate reduction applies to earners between \$75,000 and \$300,000.

an will have cut the 2012 reduction of 6.45 percent for similar earners, down to 5.5 percent. According ares, the reduction will save middle class New Yorkers nearly \$6.6 billion over the course of four year reaching \$4.2 billion by 2025. When fully phased in, the Governor estimates 6 million middle class to

household of four, filing jointly and earning between the county and city Average Medium Income of between \$50 and \$110 in 2018.

reaks down as follows:

d businesses filing under the personal income tax (PIT) eligible for tax rate reductions of 20 percent when fully implemented include:

with taxable income between \$20,000 and \$75,000; useholds with taxable income between \$30,000 and \$100,000; and, it filers with taxable income between \$40,000 and \$150,000.

d businesses filing under the PIT eligible for tax rate reductions of 12.5 percent (6.85 percent to 6 per ited include:

with taxable income between \$75,000 and \$200,000; useholds with taxable income between \$100,000 and \$250,000; and, it filers with taxable income between \$150,000 and \$300,000.

Protection Fund

t pleasure I voted in favor of allocating an unprecedented \$300 million to the Environmental Protection Fund. The primary source of grant money to projects that improve conservation, open space efforts throughout New York."

Tax Credit

r similar to a bill I sponsor in the Senate has been included in the final budget that will give New Yorker's a \$2,00 ards the purchase of zero-emission vehicles. This is yet another step towards improving our environment by moving fuels and to clean, renewable resources and technologies. I will continue to support similar measures in the future

',"view_mode":"media_original","fields":{"format":"media_original","field_file_image_alt_text[und][0][nference Introduces the "Clean Up Albany" Legislative

_file_image_title_text[und][o][value]":"Senate Democratic Conference Introduces the "Clean Up Albakage"},"type":"media","attributes":{"alt":"Senate Democratic Conference Introduces the "Clean Up Alkage","title":"Senate Democratic Conference Introduces the "Clean Up Albany" Legislative ht":"377","width":"760","class":"media-element file-media-original"},"link_text":null}]]Immediately afte ession on March 31, my colleagues and I attempted to force a package of ethics reforms to be include rere rejected and another opportunity to restore the public's trust in Albany was missed.

e March 31 budget deadline, our calls to include meaningful ethics reform initiatives, were ignored. Dy scandal after scandal recently. To not have one ethic measure included in the budget—limiting contribution loophole—is incredibly frustrating. My colleagues and I have every intestight through to the conclusion of session in June.

RELATED LEGISLATION

2015-S6405C

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

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Enacts into law major components of legislation necessary to implement the state public protection and general government budget for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year January 14, 2016

Senate Floor Calendar

Do you support this bill?

2015-S6407C

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

Enacts into law major components of legislation necessary to implement the state health and mental hygiene budget for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year

January 14, 2016

Senate Floor Calendar

Do you support this bill?

2015-S6408C

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate

- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

Enacts into law major components of legislation necessary to implement the state transportation, economic development and environmental conservation budget for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year

January 14, 2016

Senate Floor Calendar

Do you support this bill?

2015-S6409C

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate

- o Passed Assembly
 - o Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

Enacts into law major components of legislation which are necessary to implement the state fiscal plan for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year

January 14, 2016

Signed by Governor

Do you support this bill?

2015-S6400D

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

STATE OPERATIONS BUDGET

January 14, 2016

Senate Floor Calendar

Do you support this bill?

2015-S6401A

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

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LEGISLATURE AND JUDICIARY BUDGET

January 14, 2016

Signed by Governor

Do you support this hill?

2015-S6406C

- Introduced
- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

Enacts into law major components of legislation necessary to implement the state education, labor, housing and family assistance budget for the 2016-2017 state fiscal year January 14, 2016

Signed by Governor

Do vou support this bill?

2015-S6403D

Introduced

- o In Committee Assembly
 - o In Committee Senate
- o On Floor Calendar Assembly
 - o On Floor Calendar Senate
- o Passed Assembly
 - Passed Senate
- Delivered to Governor
- Signed By Governor

AID TO LOCALITIES BUDGET

January 14, 2016

Signed by Governor

Do you support this bill?