Good Afternoon, my name is Aaron Bouska and I have the distinct pleasure of serving as the Vice President for Government and Community Relations at the Bronx's The New York Botanical Garden. First of all, thank you Chairman Herman D. Farrell, Jr. and Chairman Catherine Young for affording us the opportunity to submit testimony regarding Governor Andrew Cuomo's SFY16/17 Executive Budget, specifically regarding funding for New York's environment.

On behalf of all 112 Coalition of Living Museum member institutions statewide, I would like to express appreciation and support for Governor Cuomo’s historic proposed increase to the Environmental Protection fund and the line that funds living museums, called Zoos, Botanical Gardens, and Aquaria (ZBGA). I would also like acknowledge all the members of the Environment Conservation, especially Chairmen Steven Englebright and Chairman Thomas O’Mara for their leadership and support of living museums and their unique role in both New York State’s economy and the protection of our fragile environment. Without their leadership in particular—and indeed the support of so many Senators and Assembly members throughout the State—our institutions would be very different places today.

The Coalition of Living Museums urges the Senate and Assembly to build upon the Governor's increase to the EPF and respectfully asks the Legislature and Governor to further increase the ZBGA line during upcoming budget meetings and negotiations. More specifically, we are requesting the Senate and Assembly help increase the ZBGA appropriation so we can do even more work, hire more staff, and teach more kids in every corner of NY State.

CLM’s institutions span 44 counties and represent a diverse collection of zoos, botanical gardens, aquariums, arboretums and nature centers. From the Aquarium of Niagara to the Old Westbury Gardens on Long Island and from the Rosamond Gifford Zoo in Syracuse to the Wild Center in the Adirondacks, living museums are major tourist destinations that educate and inspire the public. To maintain our appeal, living collections require constant intensive care of our wildlife and plants even in times of economic hardship, or as we like to say “You can’t just put the begonias in the basement.”

While living museums work hard at their mission by helping to breed and protect endangered species, addressing the impacts of global climate change, what we are most proud of is educating and inspiring thousands of public school teachers and millions of school children, literally growing the next generation of conservation stewards. It is not a stretch to say that living museums are the state’s heartbeat of ecological literacy, inspiring the public and constituents to care about New York State’s natural resources. Perhaps Assemblyman Steven Englebright said it best in The New York Times, “It is through these institutions - the excitement of a trip to the zoo, or the ability to touch an exotic plant at the botanical gardens - that stirs the imagination and leads to a lifetime commitment to caring about the natural world.” But this is only part of the story.

Leveraging ZBGA funding which is awarded through a competitive grants process administered by the Department of Parks, living museums employ at least 4210 full-time and 2728 part-time New York State residents and generate hundreds of millions of dollars each year for the state in tourism dollars and economic development. Living museums, big and small, upstate and downstate, from Nassau to Erie Counties are core to stabilizing local economies by providing thousands of good paying jobs while supporting local vendors and small businesses. Even during this current fiscal downturn, over 12 million visitors sought refuge in our environmental sanctuaries and these impressive numbers continue
to grow as people stay closer to home and more and more international tourists make New York a chosen destination. We know that tourism is one of the bright spots in the economy and CLM institutions are proud to help generate much needed revenue for New York State.

Here are a few specific examples that are repeated throughout the State of New York:

**The Wild Center**, and other upstate living museums, are major catalysts and economic engine for the North Country. *Visitors to The Wild Center generated more than $14 million in total regional revenue and led to the creation of 277 jobs in a single year. Salaries earned by TWC employees had a $2.4 million impact in the North Country, meaning that money stayed local and was spent on groceries, clothing, mortgages, taxes, rent, and fuel among other things. In addition to the 38 full time jobs at The Wild Center, 19 new jobs were supported through these expenditures. 6 out of 7 visitors made Tupper Lake their destination of choice because of The Wild Center. On average, they stayed in the region for more than four days and spent $893.*

**Mohonk Preserve**
A recent survey of Mohonk Preserve, New York State’s largest non-profit nature preserve and ZBGA recipient, indicated that its 150,000 annual visitors generate a conservative $3 million in direct food, lodging, and other retail expenditures (bike rentals, rock climbing equipment, gas, etc.) per year, while generating 13,500 lodging nights per year. The Mohonk Preserve generates over $200,000 in sales tax revenues for Ulster County. Furthermore, this activity sustains 75 tourism-related jobs. Using a multiplier of x2 for how the dollar cycles through the regional economy, the total economic impact of this publicly accessible, non-governmental natural area is well over $6 million per year to the Hudson Valley.

**Wildlife Conservation Society**
*WCS has a major economic impact upon New York City – generating significant amounts of employment, purchasing goods and services, and drawing visitors and visitor spending to the city. These in turn generate additional impact via induced and indirect effects as WCS employees, local vendors, and their employees’ purchase of additional goods and services. This impact benefits not just the private sector, but also generates tax revenues.*

*Overall, the total economic activity generated by WCS during fiscal year 2010 was $315.6 million, with an associated $113.3 million in total earnings and 2,662 total full time jobs. The total tax impact to New York City including indirect and induced effects was $9.7 million. The total economic activity generated by the New York Aquarium during fiscal 2010 was $43.4 million, with an associated $10.8 million in total earnings.*

It is for these three reasons, *quality environmental literacy programs, leveraging of modest public and private resources to create and maintain jobs, and measurable economic development through tourism and neighborhood impact,* that the ZBGA fund is a government program that works for all New Yorkers, regardless of geographic location or socio-economic status.

Thank you again for your time.

Respectfully submitted by:
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