STATE SENATE STANDING COMMITEES ON EDUCATION AND BUDGET AND REVENUES Public Hearing

December 3, 2019

Remarks by Kevin Gomez, Esq.

School Board Member,

Enlarged City School District of Middletown

Good Morning Chair Meyers, Chair Benjamin, Ranking Members Antonucci and Little, Distinguished Members of the New York State Senate Joint Standing Committees on Education, Budget & Finance:

My name is Kevin Gomez, I'm an attorney and teacher by vocation, blessed by God as a parent of four beautiful public-school students ages 5 to 15. I come before you as a parent, private citizen and School Board Member for the Enlarged City School District of Middletown, where I chair the Fair Funding committee.

The New York State Constitution provides for the "maintenance and support of a system of free common schools, wherein all the children of this state may be educated." To fulfill that end, the Enlarged City School District of Middletown has set forth in its Mission Statement to "strive to provide fiscally sound educational

opportunities," that "will enable all students to graduate, to reach their full potential, to become life-long learners, and to be competitive, productive members of society;"

However, to accomplish our goals we need the necessary financial resources to make this happen, or to quote Sir Winston Churchill, "give us the tools so we could finish the job."

The New York State Court Appeals has repeatedly in landmark rulings, <u>Campaign</u> for Fiscal Equity v. State of New York (2003), and <u>Maisto v. State of New York</u> (2018), reaffirmed the Constitutional right of New York's school children to a sound basic education, based on a fair and equitable funding.

For New York State's 950 School Districts to fulfill their missions at full capacity, the State of New York, must honor its 2007 commitment when the State Legislature passed the State Education Budget and Reform Act of 2007 establishing our Foundation Aid Formula. The formula promised an equitable funding for our public schools, consistent with school districts academic, socio-economic and demographic needs in order to empower each student to become life-long learners and productive members of society. However, the formula has become a set of broken promises.

For over the span of a decade the State of New York has defaulted in its with over \$ 220.2 million dollars owed in Foundation Aid to School Districts in Orange, Ulster and Sullivan Counties, of which \$ 51.7 million remains owed to the Enlarged City School District of Middletown for 2018; \$ 43,377,452 for 2019. In essence the equivalent of half of the resources our districts need per year to meet the educational needs of our Students. As a result, a new lawsuit has been filed by the Alliance for Quality Education, naming 10 Hudson Valley school districts as the plaintiffs for being the School districts that are owed the most in back pay.

For this reason on behalf of my children and all our states students from Montawk to Harlem all the way through Buffalo, I urge the Governor and our State Legislature to come now and let us reason together by reaffirming our students'

State Constitutional right to a sound basic education, with an established fair and equitable funding formula built with bipartisan effort, construed to withstand the test of time, whose success will serve as a model for other states to follow, by:

- ✓ Empowering local school districts without exception, to the necessary resources, and flexibility to use as needed a fair equitable funding pursuant to a statutory Foundation Aid Formula that must be followed and no longer violated.
- ✓ **Disbursing** Foundation Aid Funds previously owed in a time frame that will allow the Districts to use the funds in the areas most needed to allow each student to strive for educational excellence;
- ✓ Adopting a decentralized approach that will allow disbursement and allocation of foundation aid funds on a regional basis via block grants whereby enabling school districts within particular regions to collaborately assess and determine their needs based on their demographic and socio economic makeup of the respective communities our school districts serve.

✓ Comprehensive unfunded mandate relief. Despite annual increases in state aid, the ability of School Districts to use its financial and teaching resources are further constrained by over 151 state and federal public-school underfunded mandates often too regulate over school district's ability to maximize effective use of its financial resources with respect to administration, business, health/safety, instruction, technology, human resources, non-public schools, and transportation. In fact, it has been estimated that such mandates comprise between 17% and 20% of school district spending. This is the equivalent of an increased tax burden on our families and homeowners already overburdened with taxes. At the same unfunded mandates limit the freedom and flexibility of School districts to maximize use of resources in a manner best tailored to meet their district needs. Addressing unfunded mandate as part of foundation aid reform will provide our families the tax relief and School Districts greater flexibility in using resources with innovation, creativity and fiscal accountability in a manner best tailored to meet Our District's needs, as our Districts embark to empower each and every one of our students to be life-long learners and productive members of our Society."

✓ Promote Private Sector Investment through tax incentives that will engage local businesses and entrepreneurs to voluntarily invest in providing resources for local school districts to advance learning opportunities for students.

We must never minimize the importance or long term positive impact the state to promote economic policies that promote tax relief and private sector economic growth and the positive impact it can have in producing greater economic revenues to invest in education. Common sense dictates that a budget surplus with a growing tax base is always better that a budget gap with overburdened taxpayers fleeing the state.

Finally, when our Country's Founders gathered in Philadelphia to launch America's great experiment in freedom, they did it with an eye on the future. "to "secure the Blessings of Liberty for our-selves and our Posterity." How we eye the future, may well determine whether our new decade like the 1920's a century before will produce a new "greatest generation" to lead our country towards a future of unlimited opportunity. So let us without hesitation empower our local school districts with the freedom and resources to prepare our future leaders of America. For these reasons, I commend this legislative committee for coming up to the plate to address the question of Foundation Aid Reform. It is my hope again that through bipartisan collaboration, with the eye on the future you will be able to enact the necessary

comprehensive reform that will work and as the song goes, can "be signed, sealed and delivered." Thank you.

Every year, the New York State Legislature, Governor, and Board of Regents and/or the Federal Government adopt new mandates that school districts are required to follow. In virtually all cases, additional funding is needed to fulfill these mandates. In most cases, the majority of funding is sustained at the local level. Therefore the mandate is "unfunded" by those who are requiring the action. Although most are supported by the majority of the educational community the reality is that each mandate requires a variety of resources: administrative, clerical, and financial. There may be the perception that unfunded mandates only include the following:

Megan's Law Fingerprinting of Potential Employees Automatic External Defibrillators (AED's) Learning Standards Character Education

The following is a brief list of school district unfunded mandates that have been implemented within the past several years:

District Intern Plan
Comprehensive District Education Plan
School Code of Conduct
Corporal Punishment
Local Assistance Plan
Public School Performance Report

Professional Performance Review Plan Professional Performance Annual Report

Corrective Action Plan

Annual Program Report: Educationally Related Support Services

Professional Development Plan

Professional Development Plan Report

Local Special Education Comprehensive System of Personnel Development

School District Report Card

BOCES Report Card

Academic Intervention Services Procedure

Uniform Violent Incident Reporting System

Child Abuse Reporting in an Educational Setting

School Based Shared Decision Making Plan

Instructional Computer Technology Plans

School District Property Tax Report Card

Individual Home Instruction Plan

Pupil Attendance and Record Keeping

Comprehensive Plan for Safety Education

Incarcerated Students Plan

Physical Education School District Plan

Occupational Education Plan

Education of Gifted and Talented Students Plan

Early Grade Size District Plan

Attendance Plan

Attendance Report

Set-Aside for Early Grade Intervention

Compensatory Education

Universal Pre-kindergarten Program Plan

Policy of Educating Pupil with Limited English Proficiency

Comprehensive Long Range Plan for Educational Facilities

5-Year Capital Facilities Plan

Comprehensive Public School Safety Program

District Wide School Safety Plan

Building Level School Safety Plan

School Facility Report Card

Pesticide Notification Requirements

School Emergency Management Plan

Registry of all Students with Disabilities

School Policy on Procedures and Practices for Disabled Students

District Plans

Special Education Space Requirements Plan

Personnel Development Plan for Special Education

Individualized Educational Plans

Functional Behavior Assessment

Behavioral Intervention Plan

AIMS

LEAP Reporting

STEP Reporting

Mandated Testing and scoring

Annual Professional Performance Review

LEA for IDEA - Multiple Components

No Child Left Behind — Multiple Components

Additional Requirements:

Statewide Data Collection — Data Warehousing

District Data Manager

Grades 3 — 8 Testing, Scoring, Analyzing and Mailings

Revised Math Curriculum

Inclusion Training and Staffing

Early Intervention — RTI

English Language Learners Instructional Support Teams AIDS Education Middle Level Education Requirement for Teaching Assistants Staff Development for Teacher Assistants SED Core Curriculum and Assessments Revised Internal Auditor Claims Auditor Audit Committee **Audit Policy** Wellness Committee Wellness Policy Uniform Voting Dates — and 2 Budget Votes **SEQRA** Review by School Districts **Building Condition Survey** SAVE Legislation Updated

Additional Requirements:

WICKS Law — Multiple Contractors for Building Projects

Mentor-Teacher Internship Program

Pandemic Plan

Purchase of Student Calculators

Segregation of Duties — Purchasing Agents, Treasurer, District Clerk

Financial Statement's Accountant

Engineering Review of all Maintenance Projects Costing over \$5,000

Pension Costs — Increase Costs for ERS and TRS

Response to Intervention — Special Education Students

Twenty Additional State Performance Plan Indicators — Special Education Students

<u>Furthermore</u> — The State Education Department (SED) is no longer mailing documents to School Districts. Each School District must download needed information from the SED website regarding reporting requirements, deadlines, testing data, assessment updates, curriculum guides, etc. Each document must be printed, copied and disbursed to the appropriate staff members.

Additional Requirements:

Charter Schools Funding

Chapter 165 of the Laws of 2006

Reinspection of School Buildings — Fire Inspections

Chapter 57 of Laws of 2007

School Leadership Report Card and Student Progress Report Loan Instructional Computer Hardware to Non-Public Schools

Chapter 58 of the Laws of 2007

Required Student Body Mass Indexes

Chapter 111 of the Laws of 2007

Breast and Prostate Cancer Screening — Employees' 4 hours time off from work

Chapter 281 of the Laws of 2007

AED Posting for Public Access to Machines

Chapter 578 of the Laws of 2007

Blood Donation — Employees' 3 hours time off from work

Chapter 583 of the Laws of 2007

Impartial Hearing - Burden of Proof Shift from Parent to School District

Student Dental Health Certificates

Seatbelts on School Operated Van Vehicles

Bus Driver Training for Special Education Students

Parentally Placed Students Attending Non-Public Schools